



NOME:	
DATA:	TRABALHO DE RECUPERAÇÃO – 1º TRIMESTRE
TURMA:	DISCIPLINA: LÍNGUA INGLESA
PROFESSOR (A): LARISSA FERREIRA	VALOR: 12,0
ASSINATURA DOS PAIS E/ OU RESPONSÁVEIS:	

1) Qual é o significado da palavra prefix? Para que serve um prefix?

2) Quais são as ideias que os prefixos abaixo expressam?

Anti: _____

Dis: _____

Non: _____

Miss: _____

Over: _____

3) Sabendo agora o básico sobre os prefixos, pesquise o significado das palavras abaixo e acrescente os prefixos corretos:

Flow	
Social	
Sense	
Agree	
Understand	
Appear	

4) Qual é o significado da palavra suffix?

5) Quais são as principais terminações de sufixos que existem no inglês? O que elas fazem com a palavra que foi modificada?

6) Adicione os sufixos **MENT** / **LESS** / **FUL** / **LY** / **ABLE** para transformar as palavras abaixo:

Something which has **beauty** is _____

Something which has **comfort** is _____

Something that moves in a **slow** way, moves _____

Something you **arrange** is an _____

Something that has no **use** is _____

Utilize o SIMPLE PRESENT ou o PRESENT CONTINUOUS para completar as frases a seguir:

7) She _____ (get) the train to London Heathrow then she _____ (take) the plane to New York at 16.15. ...

8) Steve never _____ (take) his children to see films. He _____ (not like) going to the cinema now.

9) What _____ (you do) in this photograph? I _____ (lie) on the beach.

10) We _____ (have) good weather this week. At last! I'm fed up with the rain.

11) It _____ (snow) a lot in Scotland during the winter months.

12) Occasionally we _____ (go) out and _____ (have) a meal in the centre of town.

13) Sorry, John _____ (be not) here at the moment. He _____ (have) breakfast in the cafeteria.

14) My friend Angela _____ (do) a course at Seville University this year.

15) The situation _____ (be) very bad at the moment. John _____ (cannot) find work.

16) Nick and Emma sometimes _____ (pick up) the children from school. They _____ (not always get) the bus.

17) Where _____ (they stay) at the moment? They _____ (stay) in a small flat in the High Street.

18) Nick always _____ (get up) at 7.30 am.

19) Leia o texto abaixo e complete com os verbos no presente simples:

Tom _____ (work) at a bank. He is the manager. He starts work every day at 8:00 am. He _____ (finish) work every day at 6:00 pm. He lives very close to the bank. He walks to work every day. His brother and sister also _____ (work) at the bank. But, they do not live close to the bank. They _____ (drive) cars to work. They start work at 9:00 am. In the bank, Tom is the boss. He helps all the workers and tells them what to do. He _____ (like) his job. He is also very good at his job. Many customers like Tom, and they _____ (say) hello to him when they come to the bank. Tom likes to talk to the customers and make them feel happy. Tom really likes his job.

20) Escolha um verbo em inglês e escreva frases com ele comparando os dois tempos verbais. Utilize as formas afirmativa, interrogativa e negativa:

SIMPLE PRESENT	PRESENT CONTINUOUS